

SKiiP 26GH12T4V11



MiniSKiiP® 2

H-bridge inverter

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Features

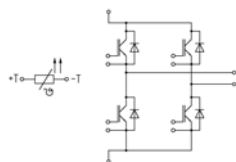
- Trench 4 IGBTs
- Robust and soft freewheeling diodes in CAL technology
- Highly reliable spring contacts for electrical connections
- UL recognised: File no. E63532

Typical Applications*

- Single phase inverter

Remarks

- Case temperature limited to $T_C=125^\circ\text{C}$ max.; $T_C = T_S$ (valid for baseplateless modules)
- Product reliability results valid for $T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ (recommended $T_{op} = -40 \dots +150^\circ\text{C}$)

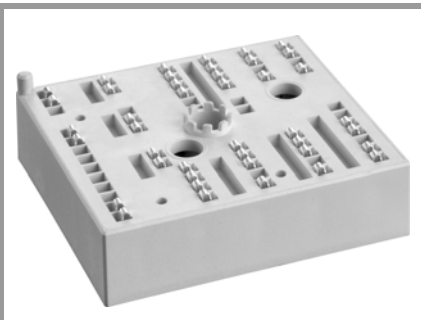


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Absolute Maximum Ratings				
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Unit	
Inverter - IGBT				
V_{CES}	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1200	V	
I_C	$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	90	A
		$T_s = 70^\circ\text{C}$	73	A
I_{Cnom}		70	A	
I_{CRM}	$I_{CRM} = 3 \times I_{Cnom}$	210	A	
V_{GES}		-20 ... 20	V	
t_{psc}	$V_{CC} = 800\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	10	μs
	$V_{GE} \leq 15\text{ V}$			
	$V_{CES} \leq 1200\text{ V}$			
T_j		-40 ... 175	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Inverse - Diode				
I_F	$T_j = 175^\circ\text{C}$	$T_s = 25^\circ\text{C}$	83	A
		$T_s = 70^\circ\text{C}$	66	A
I_{Fnom}		75	A	
I_{FRM}	$I_{FRM} = 3 \times I_{Fnom}$	225	A	
I_{FSM}	10 ms, sin 180°, $T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	430	A	
T_j		-40 ... 175	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Module				
$I_{t(RMS)}$	$T_{terminal} = 80^\circ\text{C}$, 20A per spring	100	A	
T_{stg}		-40 ... 125	$^\circ\text{C}$	
V_{isol}	AC sinus 50Hz, t = 1 min	2500	V	

Characteristics					
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Inverter - IGBT					
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 70\text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ chipelevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.85	2.10	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	2.25	2.45	V
V_{CE0}	chipelevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.8	0.9	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	0.7	0.8	V
r_{CE}	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ chipelevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	15	17	m Ω
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	22	24	m Ω
$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$, $I_C = 2\text{ mA}$	5	5.8	6.5	V
I_{CES}	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ $V_{CE} = 1200\text{ V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.1	0.3	mA
					mA
C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$	3.90		nF
C_{oes}	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$	0.31		nF
C_{res}		$f = 1\text{ MHz}$	0.23		nF
Q_G	- 8 V...+ 15 V		400		nC
R_{Gint}	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.00		Ω
$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CC} = 600\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	26		ns
t_r	$I_C = 75\text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	36		ns
E_{on}	$R_{Gon} = 9.1\ \Omega$ $R_{Goff} = 9.1\ \Omega$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	9.5		mJ
$t_{d(off)}$	$di/dt_{on} = 1820\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	320		ns
t_f	$di/dt_{off} = 900\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	175		ns
E_{off}	$V_{GE} = +15/-15\text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	7.1		mJ
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per IGBT		0.55		K/W

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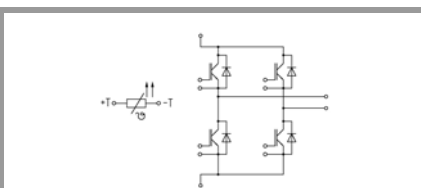
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Characteristics						
Symbol	Conditions		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
Inverse - Diode						
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 75 \text{ A}$ $V_{GE} = 0 \text{ V}$ chipelevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2.2	2.5	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		2.1	2.4	V
V_{F0}	chipelevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1.3	1.5	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		0.9	1.1	V
r_F	chipelevel	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		12	13	m Ω
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		16	18	m Ω
I_{RRM}	$I_F = 75 \text{ A}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		80		A
Q_{rr}	$di/dt_{off} = 2120 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		13.3		μC
E_{rr}	$V_{GE} = -15 \text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 600 \text{ V}$	$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$		5.6		mJ
$R_{th(j-s)}$	per Diode			0.75		K/W
Module						
M_s	to heat sink		2		2.5	Nm
w				55		g
Temperature Sensor						
R_{100}	$T_r = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ($R_{25} = 1000\Omega$)			1670 \pm 3%		Ω
$R(T)$	$R(T) = 1000\Omega [1 + A(T - 25^\circ\text{C}) + B(T - 25^\circ\text{C})^2]$], $A = 7.635 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ }^\circ\text{C}^{-1}$, $B = 1.731 \cdot 10^{-5} \text{ }^\circ\text{C}^{-2}$					



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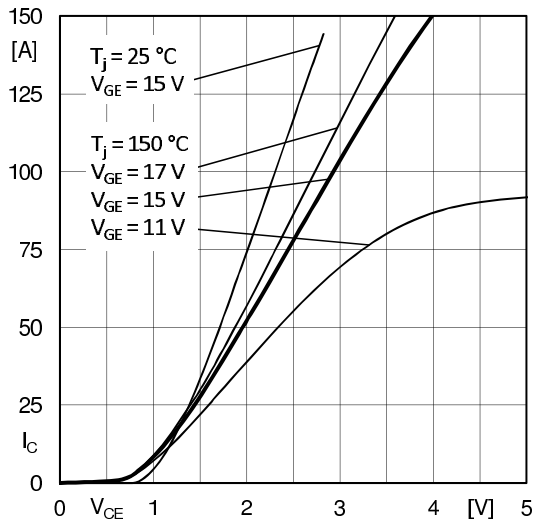


Fig. 1: Typ. output characteristic, inclusive R_{CC+EE}

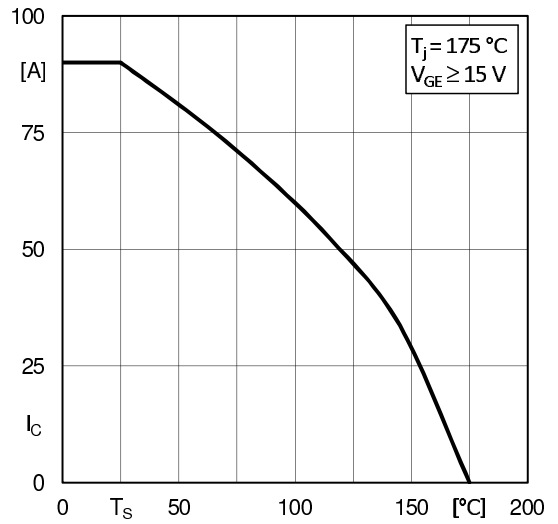


Fig. 2: Rated current vs. temperature $I_C = f(T_S)$

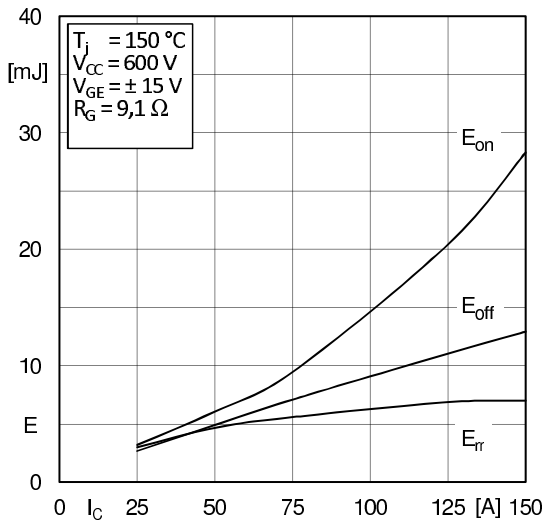


Fig. 3: Typ. turn-on /-off energy = $f(I_C)$

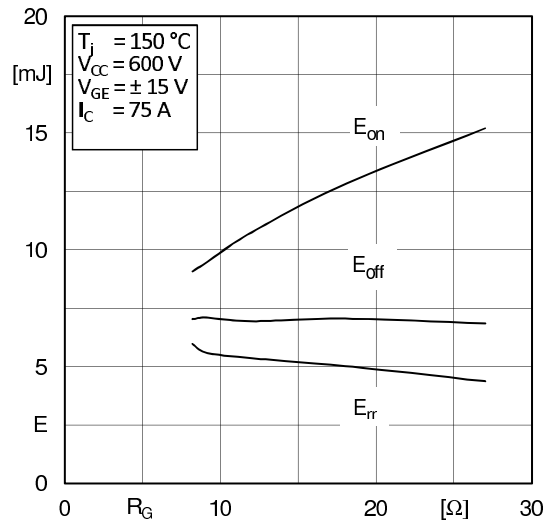


Fig. 4: Typ. turn-on /-off energy = $f(R_G)$

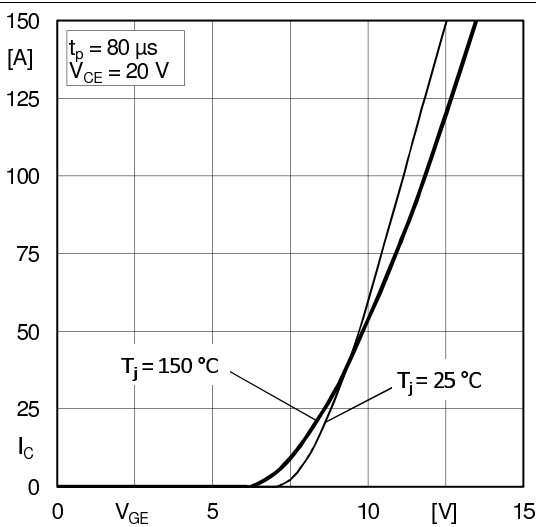


Fig. 5: Typ. transfer characteristic

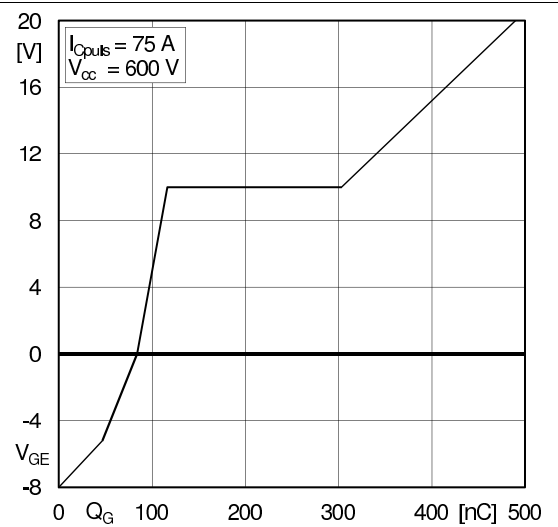


Fig. 6: Typ. gate charge characteristic

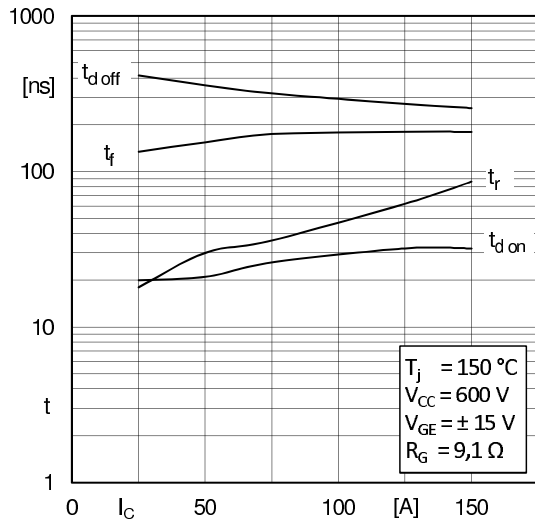


Fig. 7: Typ. switching times vs. I_C

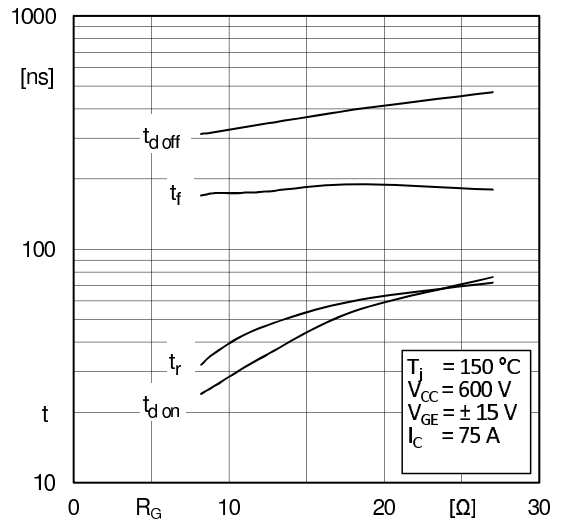


Fig. 8: Typ. switching times vs. gate resistor R_G

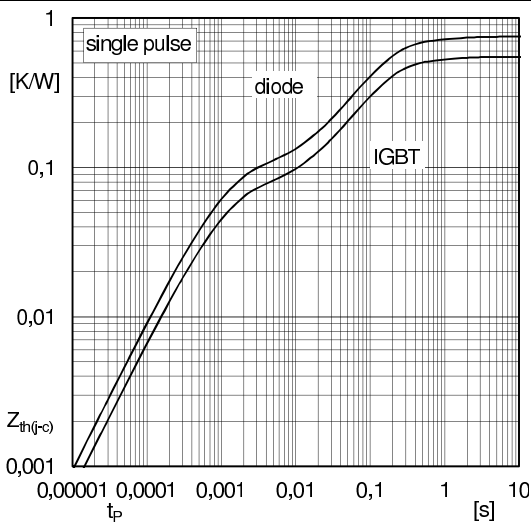


Fig. 9: Transient thermal impedance of IGBT and Diode

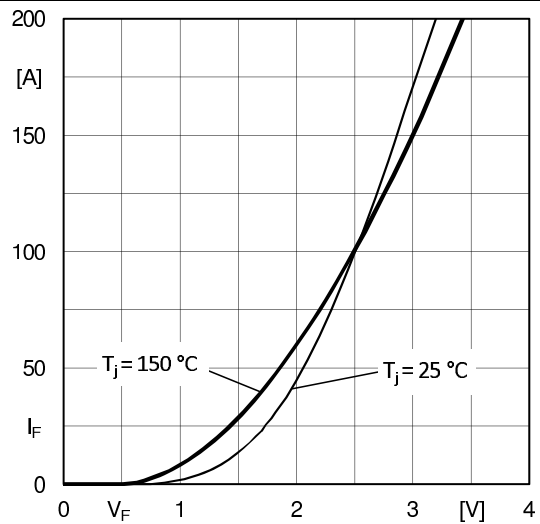


Fig. 10: CAL diode forward characteristic

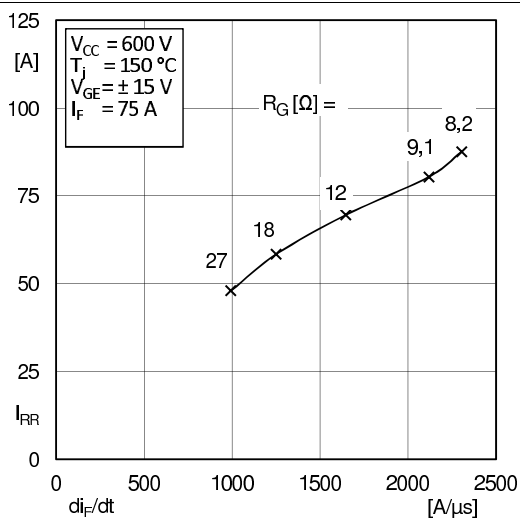


Fig. 11: Typ. CAL diode peak reverse recovery current

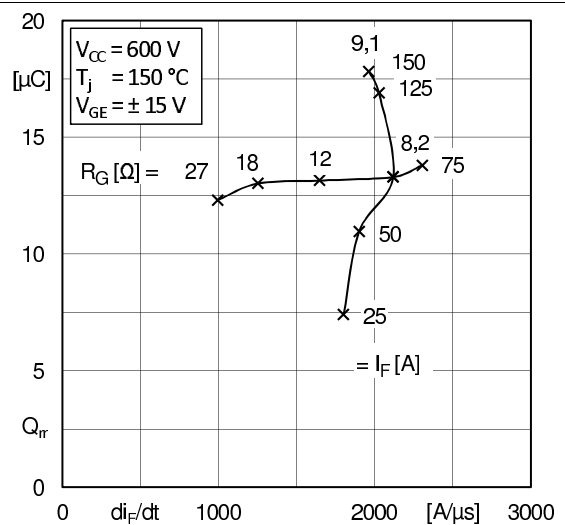


Fig. 12: Typ. CAL diode recovery charge

